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# Weekly Coal Production



Energy Information Administration  
Washington, D.C.

Production for Week Ended:  
April 28, 1984

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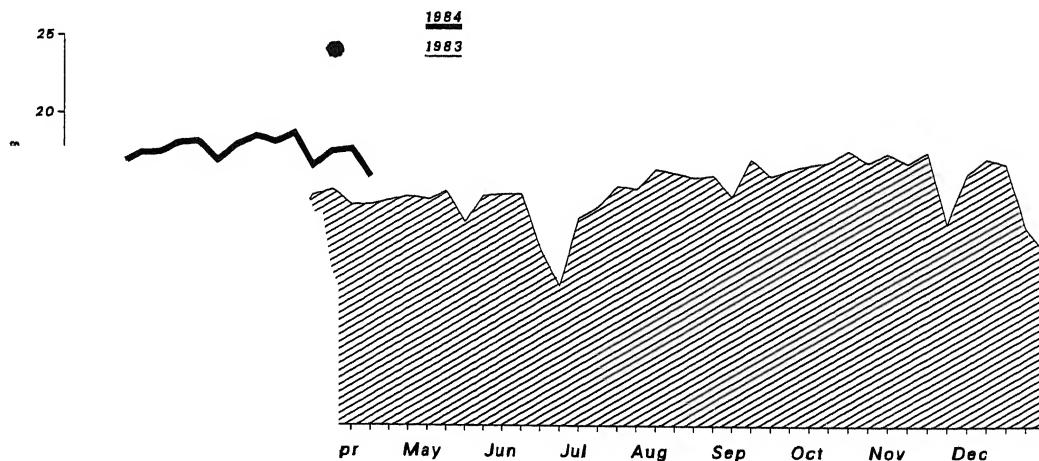


### Highlights

Production of bituminous coal and lignite in the week ended April 28, 1984, as estimated by the Energy Information Administration, was 15,958,000 short tons. This was a decrease of 1,802,000 short tons, or 10.1 percent from production in the previous week, due to severe weather conditions in the Western States. Production in the corresponding week of 1983 was 14,018,000 short tons. Bituminous coal and lignite production from January 1 through April 28, 1984, totaled 291,037,000 short tons, 16.7 percent above production in the same period of 1983.

Production of Pennsylvania anthracite in the week ended April 28, 1984, as estimated by the Energy Information Administration, was 80,000 short tons, a decrease of 9,000 short tons or 10.1 percent from production in the previous week. Production in the corresponding week of 1983 was 62,000 short tons. Anthracite production from January 1 through April 28, 1984, totaled 1,460,000 short tons, 32.0 percent above production for the same period of 1983.

Figure 1. Production of  
Bituminous Coal and  
Lignite, 1984  
(Million Short Tons)



Week Ending		Year to Date		Percent Change
4/21/84 <sup>a</sup>	4/30/83 <sup>a</sup>	4/28/84 <sup>a</sup>	4/30/83 <sup>a</sup>	
17,760	14,018	291,037	249,334	+16.7
120,693	98,284	1,905,065	1,650,321	

Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads.

Table 2. Production of Bituminous Coal and Lignite, by State (Thousand Short Tons)

State	Week Ending		
	April 28, 1984 <sup>a</sup>	April 21, 1984 <sup>a</sup>	April 30, 1983 <sup>a</sup>
Alabama .....	540	558	442
Alaska .....	12	13	11
Arizona .....	246	273	210
Arkansas .....	3	4	3
Colorado .....	309	321	321
Georgia .....	4	5	4
Illinois .....	1,019	1,197	1,019
Indiana .....	730	739	571
Iowa .....	8	9	7
Kansas .....	8	15	12
Kentucky .....			
Eastern .....	2,540	2,533	1,802
Western .....	761	759	685
Total .....	3,301	3,292	2,487
Maryland .....	96	89	26
Missouri .....	98	115	85
Montana .....	321	607	437
New Mexico .....	551	472	382
North Dakota .....	227	395	299
Ohio .....	810	817	634
Oklahoma .....	59	105	74
Pennsylvania .....	1,232	1,244	1,134
Tennessee .....	149	154	126
Texas .....	780	868	702
Utah .....	293	307	227
Virginia .....	738	800	615
Washington .....	71	79	54
West Virginia .....	2,997	2,921	2,195
Wyoming .....	1,356	2,361	1,941
Total .....	15,958	17,760	14,018

<sup>a</sup>Preliminary.  
Source: Weekly carloading reports, Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads, and selected State agencies.

Figure 2. Production of Pennsylvania Anthracite, 1984 (Thousand Short Tons)

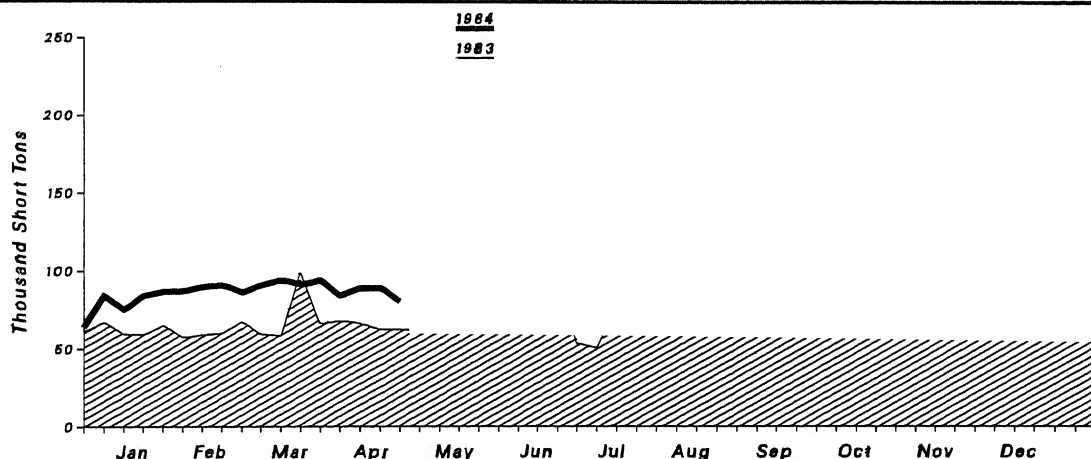


Table 3. Production of Anthracite (Thousand Short Tons)

	Week Ending			Year to Date		Percent Change
	4/28/84 <sup>a</sup>	4/21/84 <sup>a</sup>	4/30/84 <sup>a</sup>	4/28/84 <sup>a</sup>	4/30/83 <sup>a</sup>	
Total Production .....	80	89	62	1,460	1,106	+32.0
Railroad Carloadings .....	207	280	116	2,138	1,984	

<sup>a</sup>Preliminary.  
Source: Weekly carloading reports, Car Service Division, Association of American Railroads.

*Weekly Coal Production* provides timely information on coal: current statistics on the production of anthracite, bituminous coal, and lignite are provided each week; monthly and annual statistics on coal consumption, production, stocks, imports, and exports, and related supply and demand data are provided as they become available.

*Weekly Coal Production* is intended for use by the coal industry, the press, State and Federal Governments, policy makers, consumers, and analysts. Weekly coal production estimates are based on current trends in weekly rail carloadings of coal and current coal production trends as reported in *Coal Distribution* (Form EIA-6), monthly and quarterly coal production reports from State mine agencies, and *Coal Production Annual* (Form EIA-7a).

This report was prepared by the Energy Information Administration, the independent statistical and analytical agency within the Department of Energy. The information contained herein should not be construed as advocating or necessarily reflecting any policy position of the Department of Energy or any other organization.

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